

Folies baroques

Pure folies, sweet folies, furious folies, Folies d'Espagnes.... !

Ensemble Les Surprises

Eugénie Lefebvre, **soprano**

Juliette Guignard, **viola da gamba**

Gabriel Rignol, **theorbo and guitar**

Louis-Noël Bestion de Camboulas, **harpsichord and direction**

Mixing the words “madness” and “baroque” is almost a pleonasm ! Indeed, the word baroque comes from the Portuguese “barroco” which means ” irregular pearl”, and was then used for everything looking weird, strange, wild.

Baroque art, and particularly music, is actually all about wildness, surprise and passions. With this program, we board you in a trip around the baroque Europa to discover plenty musicals madnesses.

In England, the “madness tunes” are famous. In the XVIIth century in London, people used to visit psychiatric hospitals : high-society crowds went there to observe so- called “insane”. It remains to be seen if they were insane before or after coming to theses places, due to medical practices. Artists made caricatures of it, and so did the musicians Henry Purcell and John Eccles. They wrote madness tunes in which lovers lose their mind after love dramas.

In Italy, birth country of the opera, vocal pieces depict human and sacred passions, with pieces from the composer Tarquinio Merula, not a very commendable character, as much renowned for his music as his tendency to fight a duel.

In France, loving passions are translated in music, so much in court arias with sweet madness as in lyric tragedies, giving prominence to increased feelings and tragedian (Medea, Armide...)

In Spain, Madnesses are found in dance, tumbleweeded and incessant ones. The famous “Folies d’Espagne” but also Passacalle and Fandango.

Program : 70 minutes without interlude

Tarquinio Merula : Canzona spirituale « Hor ch’è tempo di dormire »

Giovanni Picchi : Ballo alla Polacha

Claudio Monteverdi : « Quel sguardo sdegnosetto »

Henry Purcell : « There’s not a swain »

Henry Purcell : Hornpipe et Ground

John Eccles : « I burn, I burn »

Lully : « Rochers vous êtes sourds »

Couperin : Les Sylvains – Les barricades mystérieuses

Lully : « Enfin il est en ma puissance »

Marin Marais : extraits des Folies d’Espagne

Händel : « O Numieterni », « Gia nel seno » (extraits de la cantate « Lucrezia »)

Tomas de Torrejon y Velasco : « Luceros, volad, corred »

Soler et Murcia : Fandango

Sebastian Duron : « Vaya, pues rompiendo »

Bis : Falalalan, falalalera